

POST-OPERATIVE MEDIAL PATELLOFEMORAL LIGAMENT (MPFL) RECONSTRUCTION PROTOCOL

- Ensure patient achieves milestone prior to progression
- Timings are a guideline only and progression should be individual to the patient
- No return to contact sports prior to 3 months post-op return to sport dictated by particular sport, ability, fitness, confidence, and completion of Phase 4 of the protocol
- Any problems during rehabilitation please contact your physiotherapist or your Consultant Secretary.



PHASE 1: EARLY POST-OPERATIVE PHASE. Day 1 to 2 weeks post-op

Goal	Treatment	Milestone to Progress
Minimise swelling and pain	 Use of ice Ensure adequate pain relief Elevate leg Use of crutches Cricket pad splint for mobilizing for 48 hours 	 Minimal or no effusion Pain levels managed to enable exercise progression Full or nearing full extension Knee flexion 70°- 90° Ability to activate quads Symmetrical gait pattern with crutches
Regain full range of extension/hyperextension	 Extension exercises: static quads, heel props, prone hanging Passive stretching 	
Increase knee flexion as pain allows	Passive, active assisted and active flexion exercises	
Activate quadriceps	Static quads hourlyUse of EMS if availableVMOSLR if possible	
Early hip/gluteal strengthening	Hip abduction/extension/ER strengthening	
Restoration of normal gait pattern	Gait re-ed with elbow crutches, WB as pain and control allows	



PHASE 2: QUADS ACTIVATION AND CORE STRENGTH. Weeks 2-6 post-op.

Goal	Treatment	Milestone to Progress
Minimise swelling and pain	Continue as above	Minimal/no effusion Full range extension Full or nearing full range flexion SLR with no lag Bilateral squat to 60° with even, symmetrical WB FWB Single leg stand for at least 5 seconds
Regain full range of extension/hyperextension	Extension exercises as abovePassive stretching	
Increase knee flexion as pain allows	Active flexion exercises Progress to quads stretch	
Improve quads strength	Static quadsSLRs - ensure no lagVMO	
Improve gluteal strength and general lower limb strength	Continue hip abduction/extension/ER/bridging Hamstring curls and calf raises Exs bike Begin mini squats once adequate strength and control	
Restoration of normal gait pattern	Ensure FWB without crutches once adequate quads control	
Commence proprioceptive work/balance work	Weight transfer Progress to single leg stands once adequate quads control Wobble board/sit fit	
Improve core strength	Core stability strengthening	



PHASE 3: STRENGTH AND CONTROL. Weeks 6-12 post-op.

Goal	Treatment	Milestone to Progress
Minimise swelling and pain	Continue cryotherapy and elevation as necessary	 Minimal/no activity related effusion Full ROM No instability/patellar apprehension Normal, symmetrical gait/jogging pattern 10 x single leg squats to 60° with good alignment and control (i.e. no valgus & good hip/knee/ankle alignment) Single leg stand with eyes shut over 80% of unaffected leg
Regain/maintain full range of flexion and extension	Continue stretching regime	
Improve quads, hamstrings, gluteal and general lower limb strength	 Squats to 90°, lunges, leg press, VMO Hamstring curls Continue hip abduction/extension/ER with increased resistance Exs bike, step ups, cross trainer 	
Improve neuromuscular control	Knee alignment/prevent valgus - single leg squats, lunges (+/- trunk rotation), step ups/downs (ensure good hip/knee/ankle alignment)	
Restoration of normal gait pattern	Treadmill walking - forwards/backwards/incline Progress to straight line jogging only when good load acceptance and neuromuscular control Treadmill walking - forwards/backwards/incline	
Improve proprioception	Single leg stands eyes shutWobble board/sitfit/BOSU/trampette	
Improve core strength	Progress core stability strengthening	
Commence bilateral load acceptance/early plyometrics if returning to sport	Bilateral drop jumps Jumps with symmetrical squat landing	



PHASE 4: RETURN TO SPORTS PREPARATION. Upon achievement of phase 3 goals. Over 12 weeks post-op.

Goal	Treatment	Milestone to Progress to Return to Sport
Minimise activity related swelling and pain	Continue cryotherapy and elevation as necessary post exercising	Dynamic neuromuscular control with multi-plane activities – without instability or pain
Increase lower limb muscle strength and endurance	 Continue strengthening all muscle groups using increased loads for resistance Continue core stability strengthening 	
Improve neuromuscular control following fatigue	Ensure ability to control alignment after fatigue and during sports specific drills	
Normal straight line running pattern in full control	 Progress jogging to running Increase speed/distance Change surface/incline Forward running/backward running 	
Improve proprioception	Progress to dynamic proprioception exercises	
Progress bilateral load acceptance to unilateral load acceptance/plyometrics and work to fatigue	 Tuck jumps Squat jumps - forward/back/rotational Bilateral plyometric static and multi-plane exs Single leg hop Forward, side hops/drop from step with controlled single leg landing Unilateral plyometric static and multi-plane activities Increasing speed and intensity to fatigue 	
Commence sports specific running agility drills	Sprinting Cutting and pivoting Acceleration and deceleration	



Commence sports specific skills	One on one practice drills, ball skills, kicking, boxing, racquet sports	

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